United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1.

Appleton Wire Works historic

Appleton Wire and/or common

2. Location

Name

600 S. Atlantic Street (office) street & number

state

city, town

Wisconsin

Appleton

code

55

vicinity of -congressional district

county

Outagamie

087 code

private residence

not for publication

museum

religious scientific transportation

other:

park

Classification 3.

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use
	public	X_ occupied	agriculture
<u>X</u> building(s)	public _X_ private	unoccupied	commercial
structure	both	work in progress	educational
site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	entertainment
object	in process	yes: restricted	government X_ industrial
	being considered	X yes: unrestricted	<u>X</u> industrial
	X N/A	no	military

Owner of Property 4.

name	Robert H. S	loan, President, Albany Inter	rnational Corporation
street & number	One Sage Ro	ad, Menands	
city, town	Albany	vicinity of	state New York 12201
5. Locat	tion of L	egal Description	
courthouse, registr	y of deeds, etc.	Outagamie County Courthou	ise: Register of Deeds
street & number		410 S. Walnut Street	
city, town		Appleton	state Wisconsin 54911
6. Repre	esentati	on in Existing Sur	'veys
Wisconsin I itle Fox River	•	Historic Places/ trial Survey has this property (been determined eligible? yesX_ no
Jate 8/1981			federalX_state county local
lepository for surv	ey records S	tate Historical Society of Wi	sconsin
city, town	М	adison	state Wisconsin 53706

OMB NO. 1024-0018 EXP. 12/31/84

1982

7. Description

Condition		Check one
\underline{X} excellent	deteriorated	unaltered
good	ruins	_X_ altered
fair	unexposed	

Check one ____ original site ____ moved date .

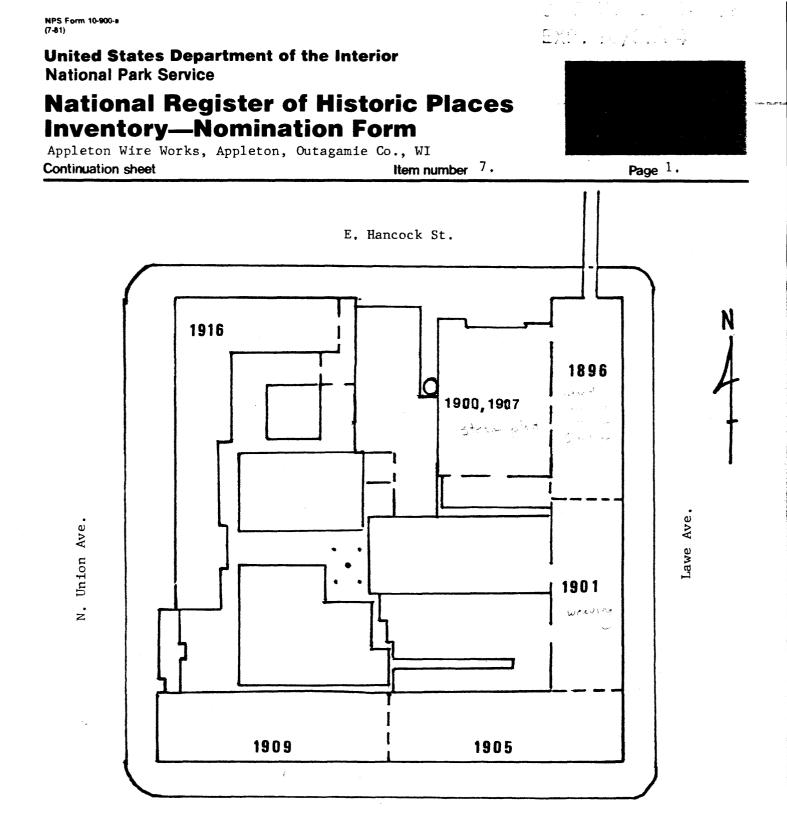
Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

As nominated, the Appleton Wire Works is essentially a full, four-sided two-story cream brick veneer square block of industrial buildings. Constructed between 1896 and 1916, the buildings are nearly consistent in their pale coloration and the regularity of openings along the perimeter of the block that they occupy. A standing-seam gable roof covers the south (1909) and south-half of the east side (1901) of the complex, while the rest of the "square" is flat-roofed. The interior of the block contains a metal water tank and tall brick stack, as well as several small "courts" generated by incomplete infill by additions made to the enclosing structures. Windows and doors are generally rectangular, set within segmentally-arched openings; on the west (N. Union Ave.) and north (E. Hancock St.) sides especially, many of the openings have been enclosed with painted plywood panels (first story) or brick (second story). The additional block of the complex (across E. Hancock St.) to the north, and a half block of buildings to the northeast, are post-1940 construction, and therefore are not currently considered part of the historicallysignificant company or nomination.

The first structure, a 35 x 96-foot two-story wooden weaving and storage facility, was erected on the then-outskirts of Appleton at the corner of Lawe Ave. and E. Hancock St. in March 1896. In 1979, the outside walls of the building were covered with a brick veneer to harmonize with the later brick buildings, and the gable roof and attic story were replaced with a flat roof. In 1901, the building was extended along Lawe Ave. to E. Atlantic St. with a 35 x 120-foot weaving area of cream brick. A two-story steam plant was constructed on E. Hancock St. in 1900, and extended in 1907; the original smokestacks were removed in 1975.

In 1905, a major two-story addition was made continuing the construction around the perimeter of the block, extending from the first addition on Lawe Ave. 80 feet to the west along E. Atlantic; in 1909, the wing was extended farther along Atlantic to N. Union Ave. (This addition housed machines weaving screens to 165 inches inwidth, the widest then known.) In 1916, the sixth addition was made at the northwest corner of the block: a 35 x 104-foot two-story annealing room where wire could be heated for and softened for subsequent reduction in diameter. Between and after construction of the enclosing buildings, various minor extensions and additions were made to the interior of the "square," to the extent that very little open space remains in the block. A second-story closed walkway connects the 1896 building to the block to the north; it is not considered significant.

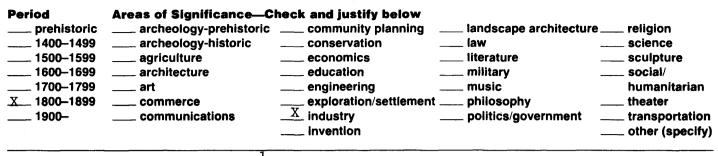
Much of the interior is open to accomodate the large weaving looms. Floors are generally of wood or concrete, and walls are cream brick or painted plaster. Interior structural members, a combination of wood and steel posts and beams, are visible throughout. With sequential additions, exterior brick walls have become interior dividing walls. Although machinery design for weaving has not changed radically since the late nineteenth century, post-World War II automation has required modification of the Appleton Wire Works equipment. The original loom, unaltered, still remains in the complex, although it is not in use.



E. Atlantic St.

APPLETON WIRE WORKS (not to scale)

8, Significance



Specific dates 1896,1905,1909,1916¹ Builder/Architect Unknown Period of significance: 1896-1940 Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The second wire cloth company to be established in the midwest, the Appleton Wire Company is of state level significance historically as an ancillary industry to the development of the paper industry in the Fox River Valley of Wisconsin. By the 1930s, the company, with some sixty looms for the manufacture of machine wire and wire cloth for paper drying, could claim to be the largest Fourdrinier (wire screen) weaving company in the world.

In 1896, William Buchanan, sons John R. and Gustavas E. Buchanan, and Albert Weissenborn founded the Appleton Wire Works, and production began in the first building at the corner of E. Hancock St. and Lawe Avenue in 1896.¹ Buchanan (born 1842), was the son of Robert Buchanan, a skilled wire-screen maker from Scotland who established the first wire screenmaking plant in the United States in New Jersey in 1848.² At age eleven, Buchanan began the first of his apprenticeships as a bobin boy for the Wm. Stephens & Son company, and in 1861 moved with his father to Georgetown, Connecticut to work for Gilbert & Binnett, weaving screen cloth and iron wire cloth. William Buchanan worked for several other companies in the New York-New Jersey area, then the heart of the Fourdrinier wire weaving industry, before and after the Civil War; in 1876, he established, with partner Charles Smith, the Standard Wire Works in Bloomfield, New Jersey, and in 1882 started the Fourdrinier department at the Cheney-Bigelow Wire Works in Springfield, Massachusetts. From the time of his move to Appleton in 1896 until his retirement in 1912, William Buchanan expanded the Appleton plant and its machinery to the point where the threequarter-block facility housed forty-two Fourdrinier looms capable of weaving wire screen to a width of one hundred seventy inches. (Appleton Wire's Loom #1 manufactured wire screen of 100 inches in width.) After William's retirement, son Gustave and partner Weissenborn brought the company to world-wide leadership by the time of their deaths in 1938.³ By 1950, the company had expanded to over two city blocks in size, its buildings housing eighty-nine looms capable of weaving screen up to 242 inches in width.

In addition to increasing the number and size of its looms, the Appleton company introduced several important innovations in the industry:

- -- an electro-pneumatic loom, which advanced the automation of the weaving process, 1905;
- -- the App-Weld seamless joint, extending the life of the screens, 1933;
- -- Monoplane wire, reducing screen marks on paper (especially important in printing pictures), 1934;
- -- superfine weaves, which facilitated the production of highly critical grades of paper used in Bible tissues and condensers, 1940.

(continued)

Major Bibliographical References

- Eighty Years of Excellence, Appleton Wire, Appleton, WI. Bi-Centennial issue. May 22, 1976. 1848-1948, A. History of the Wisconsin Paper Industry (Chicago, 1948). Tax Rolls for the City of Appleton, Outagamie Series 4. 1895-1960. Housed in Area Research Center, University of Wisconsin-Green Bay, WI. Sanborn Insurance Maps, 1901-1911 Housed in A.R. U.W.G.B. 1. 2.
- 3.
- 4. "Better Than Good," (Appleton Wire Works, n.d.) 5.

Geographical Data 10.

Acreage of nominated property __approx. 1.5

Quadrangle name <u>Appleto</u> UMT References	<u>n</u>		Quadrangio	e scale <u>1:24,000</u>
A 116 3 818 41610 Zone Easting	4 19 0 12 4 13 10 Northing	B Zone	Easting	Northing
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		F		
GLII		н		

Verbal boundary description and justification - Legal description Bateman's Addition, Blk. 7, Lots 1-8entire block occupies the entire block surrounded by Atlantic St. to the south; Lawe St. to the east; Hancock to the north; and Union to the west. Located in the 1st Ward. 1917 Standard Atlas of Outagamie County.

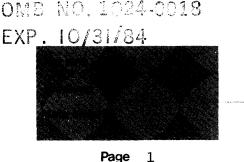
state	code	county		code
state	code	county		code
11. Form P	repared By	(continued))	
name/title Paul Abra	ahams/Project Direc	tor		
organization SHSW/FRV	VIS/UWGB		date	April 13, 1982
itreet & number Univer	rsity of Wisconsin-	Green Bay	teleph	one 465-2348
city or town Green	Bay		state	Wisconsin
he evaluated significance	of this property within the \underline{X} state	e state is: local		
The evaluated significance	of this property within the \underline{X} state	e state is: local		
he evaluated significance nationa As the designated State Hi 65), I hereby nominate thi	of this property within the <u></u> state storic Preservation Office s property for inclusion in	e state is: local r for the National the National Reg	Historic F ister and	Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89- certify that it has been evaluated
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NPS Form 10-900-a (7-81)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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Appleton Wire Works, Appleton, Outagamie Co., WI Continuation sheet Item number



The Fourdrinier wire screen weaving process resembles that of textile weaving, but machinery is heavier. Although screen-formed paper was invented nearly 2,000 years ago, it was not until 1797 that continuous sheet paper making was invented. The Fourdrinier machine, with its long wire mesh screen, is a development of that eighteenth-century machine. The Fourdrinier process requires the making of a fine-diameter wire, achieved by repeatedly heating the wire (annealing) and drawing it through dies; the wire is then wound on bobbins for weaving across a wire warp. Wet paper pulp can then be carried to rollers and driers on the wire screens.

8

When the Appleton Wire Works was organized in 1896, there were thirteen manufacturers of paper mill wire cloth in the United States, five in New England, seven in the New York area, and one in Ohio.² With its central location and ready source of power on the Fox River, Appleton was a logical choice for the location of a second midwest plant. Of the thirteen Fourdrinier companies in existence at the turn of the century, only six survived until 1950, and only six new firms were established in the twentieth century. Several other wire weaving companies were established in the Fox River Valley (at Menasha, Green Bay, and Appleton), but some have failed and others have been incorporated into the Appleton Wire Company itself. Currently, Appleton Wire has only one competitor in the midwest: Wisconsin Wire Screen, also in Appleton.

With the automation of the weaving process after World War II and the development of plastic screens, the Appleton looms were modified or replaced, but the company does retain the original loom, although not in use. The company is currently a subsidiary of Albany International.

²1848-1948, A History of the Wisconsin Paper Industry, p. 60.

³Fifty Years of Excellence, 1976.

¹Eighty Years of Excellence, Appleton Wire Company publication, Appleton, Wisconsin, May, 1976.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Appleton Wire Works, Appleton, Outagamie Co., WI Continuation sheet Item number 11

Page 1

Form Prepared BY:

Diane H. Filipowicz/Architectural Historian State Historical Society of Wisconsin 816 State Street Madison

May 1982 608/262-2732 Wisconsin 53706



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REOUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION PROPERTY Appleton Wire Works NAME : MULTIPLE NAME : STATE & COUNTY: WISCONSIN, Outagamie 7/23/08 DATE RECEIVED: DATE OF PENDING LIST: DATE OF 16TH DAY: DATE OF 45TH DAY: 9/05/08 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST: REFERENCE NUMBER: 82005123 NOMINATOR: STATE REASONS FOR REVIEW: APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: Ν N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N PDIL: OTHER: Ν REQUEST: N SAMPLE: Ν COMMENT WAIVER: N RETURN ACCEPT ____REJECT _____ DATE ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS: Entered in

The National Register of Historic Places

n A	
RECOM. / CRITERIA	11.2
REVIEWER Talson Beall	DISCIPLINE / Justory
TELEPHONE	DATE 9.4.06

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.



Headquarters Building 816 State Street Madison, WI 53706-1482 608-264-6400

July 15, 2008

Dr. Janet Matthews Keeper, National Register of Historic Places National Park Service 1201 Eye St., NW 8th Floor (MS 2280) Washington, DC 20005 Main telephone: 202-354-2213

Dear Dr. Matthews:

Enclosed is a notarized letter from the current owners of the Appleton Wire Works, Outagamie County, Wisconsin, asking the objection to listing be lifted. The property was determined eligible October 4, 1982 due to owner objection. The reference number is 82005123.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Daina Penkiunas of my staff at (608) 264-6501.

Sincerely,

Mada

Michael E. Stevens State Historic Preservation Officer Administrator, Division of Historic Preservation-Public History 608/264-6464 michael.stevens@wisconsinhistory.org



APPLETON WIRE WORKS, 601 S. Atlantic St., Appleton, Outagamie Co., WI. Photo by Paul Abrahams, June 1982. Neg. at WI Hist. Society. E. Atlantic St. side, facing NW. Photo #1 of 4.



APPLETON WIRE WORKS, 601 S. Atlantic St., Appleton, Outagamie Co, WI. Photo by Paul Abrahams, June 1982. Neg. at WI Hist. Society. E. Atlantic St. side. facing NE. Photo #2 of 4.



APPLETON WIRE WORKS. 601 S. Atlantic St., Appleton, Outagamie Co., WI. Photo by Paul Abrahams, June 1982. Neg. at WI Hist. Society. Corner N. Union & E. Hancock, facing SE. Photo #3 of 4.



APPLETON WIRE WORKS, 601 S. Atlantic St., Appleton, Outagamie Co., WI. Photo by Paul Abrahams, June 1982. Neg. at WI Hist. Society. Corner E. Hancock & Lawe, facing SW. Photo #4 of 4.